# Manual for 485 total solar radiation sensor JXBS-3001-ZFS Ver1.1

威海精讯畅通电子科技有限公司

Weihai JXCT Electronics Co., Ltd.



# Chapter 1 Product Introduction

## 1.1 Product overview

JXBS-3001-ZFS Total Solar Radiation Sensor (Transmitter) is a sensor that can measure total solar radiation with a spectral range of  $0.3-3\,\mu$ m. If the sensing surface is facing downwards, it can measure reflected radiation, and a light-shielding ring can also measure scattering radiation.

The core component of the radiation sensor is a high-precision photosensitive element, which has good stability and high accuracy. At the same time, a quartz glass cover made of precision optical cold processing is installed outside the sensing element to effectively prevent environmental factors from affecting its performance. The product can be widely used in meteorology, energy, agriculture, construction and other fields.

parameter name	Parameter content		
DC power supply (default)	9-24V DC		
Power consumption	≪0.15W (@12V DC , 25°C )		
Measuring range	$0-1500 W/m^2$		
Spectral range	0.3-3um		
Resolution	1 W/m <sup>2</sup>		
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## 1.1 main parameters

output signal	RS485 output (Mondbus protocol)
working environment	-45-85℃ 0-100%RH
responding speed	$\leq 5s$

#### 1.1 System framework diagram

This sensor can be connected and used alone, first use 12V DC power supply Power supply, the device can be directly connected to a PLC with a 485 interface, through

The 485 interface chip is connected to the microcontroller. The single-chip microcomputer and PLC can be programmed through the modbus protocol specified later to cooperate with the sensor. use simultaneously

USB to 485 can be connected to the computer, use the sensor configuration tool provided by our company to configure and test.





This product can also be used by combining multiple sensors on a 485 bus,

(See Appendix). In theory, one bus can connect more than 16 485 sensors

If you need to connect more 485 sensors, you can use a 485 repeater to expand

Charge more 485 devices, connect the other end to the PLC with 485 interface, connect the MCU through the 485 interface chip, or use USB to 485 to connect to the computer, and use the sensor configuration tool provided by our company to configure and test.

## 多传感器接线示意图





# Chapter 2 Hardware Connection

## 2.1 Inspection before equipment installation

Please check the equipment list before installing the equipment:

name	Quantity
Total solar	1 set
radiation	
sensor	
12V waterproof	1 set
power supply	(Optional)
USB to 485 device	1 set
	(Optional)
Warranty	1 serving
card/certificate	

Wide voltage power input is 12-24V. Note when wiring the 485 signal line

The two wires A/B cannot be reversed, and the addresses of multiple set devices on the bus cannot be conflicted

Thread color Description						
power supply	brown P	ower is	positive			
		(12-24V	DC)			
	black	Power	negative			
Communication	Yellow (	(gray) c	olor	485-A		
	blue	485-B				

Note: Please be careful not to connect the wrong wiring sequence, the wrong wiring will cause the equipment to burn.

The factory default provides 0.6m long wire, customers can extend the wire as needed or wire in order.

Note that there is no yellow line in the line sequence that may be provided in some factory batches. At this time, the gray line is equivalent to replacing the yellow line.



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## 2.3 Product size and installation instructions



(1) Ensure that the mounting bracket is parallel to the ground;

(2) Use M6 screws and nuts to fix the sensor on the cross arm through the 2 mounting holes on the sensor;(3) Please avoid disassembling the sensor during installation.

(4) Please unscrew the protective cover above the sensor when using it. In order to protect the sensor, tighten the protective cover above the sensor when it is not in use or during transportation.

# Chapter 3 Configuration Software Installation and Use

Our company provides supporting "sensor monitoring software", which can easily use the computer to read the sensor parameters, and flexibly modify the device ID and address of the sensor.

#### 3.1 Connect the sensor to the computer

After the sensor is correctly connected to the computer via USB to 485 and supplied with power, you can see the correct COM port ("My Computer—Properties"

-Device Manager - Port" to view the COM port).



As shown in the figure above, your serial port number is COM10 at this time, please remember this serial port, you need to fill in this serial port number in the sensor monitoring software.

If the COM port is not found in the device manager, it means that you have not inserted the USB to 485 or the driver has not been installed correctly, please contact the technical staff for help.

#### 3.1 Use of sensor monitoring software

The configuration interface is as shown in the figure. First, obtain the serial port number and select the correct serial port according to the method in chapter 3.1, and then click to automatically obtain the current baud rate and address to automatically detect all devices and baud rates on the current 485 bus. please Note that you need to ensure that there is only one sensor on the 485 bus when using the software for automatic acquisition.

日期 监控软件3.6							
传感器监打 二氧化碳浓度	空 <mark>软件</mark> <sup>土壤温度</sup>	实时大气压力					e
0 ppm	<b>0</b> ℃	Ombar		系统配置 串口号:	COM13	•	
实时湿度	土壤容积含水率	实时模拟量1		波特率:	9600	• i	主接设备
0 %	0 %	0		设备地址:	1	÷	
				自主	动获取当前	波特率与步	也址
实时温度	实时光照度	实时模拟量2					1
0 °C	0 Lux	0	×	通信设置 设置波特率	₽: 9600	• 设	置派特率
实时气体浓度	- 1.	找到了设备,编号:1波特率:480	D	设置设备均	也址: 1	÷ ť	设置地址
Op	pm		#haa 99		选	择自动	力获取
		确定	≝数配量 警上限1:	1	段警下限1:	is	; S
	2天小车中 日	日本取到设久信	自报警上限2:	1	履警下限2:	is	5
传咸哭类型诜择		J JAN LI W HI IF	偏差修正1:	1	皇差修正2:	is	S
<ul> <li>无其他传感器</li> <li>模拟量变送模块</li> <li>光昭度(2000)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>① 气体浓度传感器</li> <li>② 大气压力</li> <li>③ 気気充送器</li> </ul>	≸ ◎ 甲醛变送器	回落值1:	٥	回落值2:	ij	5

Then click to connect the device to get the sensor data information in real time. If your device is a gas concentration sensor, please specify the sensor type Select "gas concentration sensor", formaldehyde sensor select "formaldehyde transmitter", analog transmitter select "analog transmitter module", atmospheric pressure sensor select

"Atmospheric pressure sensor", illuminance sensor selects "Illuminance 20W", oxygen sensor selects "Oxygen transmitter", and other sensors select the default "No other sensors".

## 3.1 Modify the baud rate and device ID

When the device is disconnected, click the device baud rate and set address in the communication settings to complete the related settings. Please note that after setting, please restart the device, and 精讯畅通

then "automatically obtain the current baud rate and address" to find the address And the baud rate has been changed to the address and baud rate you need.

If you need to use modbus command to modify baud rate and address, you can refer to the appendix "How to use modbus command to modify baud rate and address"

# Chapter 4 Communication Protocol

#### 4.1 Basic communication parameters

parameter	content
coding	8-bit binary
Data bit	8-bit
Parity bit	no
Stop bit	1-bit
Wrong cali	bration CRC lengthy cyclic code
Raud rate	2400bps/4800bps/9600bps can be set, the factor
Dada Tate	default is_9600bps

### 4.1 Data frame format definition

Adopt Modbus-RTU communication protocol, the format is as follows: Initial structure  $\geq$  4 bytes of time Address code = 1 byte Function code = 1 byte Data area = N bytes Error check = 16-bit CRC code end structure  $\geq$  4 bytes time Address code: It is the function indicator of the transmitter, this transmitter only uses the function code 0x03 (read register data). Data area: The data area is the specific address, which is unique in the communication network (The factory default is 0x01). Function code: command communication data sent by the host, pay attention to the 16bits data high byte first! CRC code: two-byte check code.

		精	<b>青讯畅</b>	通			
	Int	errog	ation				
_		fram	е	Register	Regist	Check	High bit
Ad	dres	SS	code	start	er	code lo	w of proof
	Feat	ures		address	length		code
	1 by	yte	1 byte	2 byte	2 byte	1 byte	1
-		Reply	r frame	)			
addr	ess	Featu	ires	Valid	First	to the	
Code			Code	byte number	number According	distrit Second number	According to the district
1 byt	e		1 byte	2 byte	2 byte	2 byte	

## 4.2 Register address

Register address	PLU gro	ougentent	操作	Л
0000H	40001	Total solar radiation	Read	ч.
		(1W/m2)	only	
0100H	40101	Device address (0-252)	Read	
			and	
			write	
0101H	40102	Baud rate (2400/4800/9600)	Read	4.
			and	
			write	

## 4.3 Examples and explanations

Read the total solar radiation value of the device address Ox01Interrogation frame

addre	funct	initial	Data	Check	Check code
SS	ion	address	length	code low	high
code	code			bit	

					र्ज्यास क्लेजर
0x01	0x03	0x00 0x00	0x00 0x01	0x84	0x0A

Response frame (for example, the total solar radiation value is 71  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{W}/\mathrm{m2}}\xspace$ 

addr ess code	functio n code	Returns the number of valid bytes	Data area	Check code low bit	Check code high
0x01	0x03	0x02	0x00 0x47	0xD8	0x15
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Explanation of total solar radiation calculation: 0047H(Hexadecimal)=71=>Total solar radiation=71 W/m2

## Chapter 5 Appendix

#### 5.1 Product additional instructions

"485 Device Field Wiring Manual": Describes the wiring guidelines for 485 products. Please check and follow the guidelines, otherwise it may cause unstable communication.

"Revision of temperature and humidity deviation of 485 sensor": Describes how to confirm and adjust temperature and humidity deviation when you feel that there is a deviation in temperature and humidity.

"Using modbus to modify device baud rate and address": describes if you do not use software, use modbus commands to modify the baud rate and slave station number.

"How to Use Single Chip Computer for 485 Communication": describes how to use 51

The one-chip computer reads the sensor information, and carries on the science popularization to some basic knowledge.

"How to calculate CRC16": Describes the modbus RTU protocol

How to calculate CRC16 and an example C language program.

"How to use USB to 485 auxiliary debugging when reading sensor communication has problems": describes how to use auxiliary tools to solve and troubleshoot when there are communication problems.

"How to use and set the product alarm function": Describes the Optional product alarm function, how to use it, how to wire and other issues.

#### 5.1 Warranty and after-sales

The warranty clauses follow the sensor after-sales clauses of Weihai Jingxun Changtong Electronic Technology Co., Ltd., two years for the sensor host circuit part, one year for gas-sensitive probes, and three months for accessories (housing/plugs/cables, etc.)